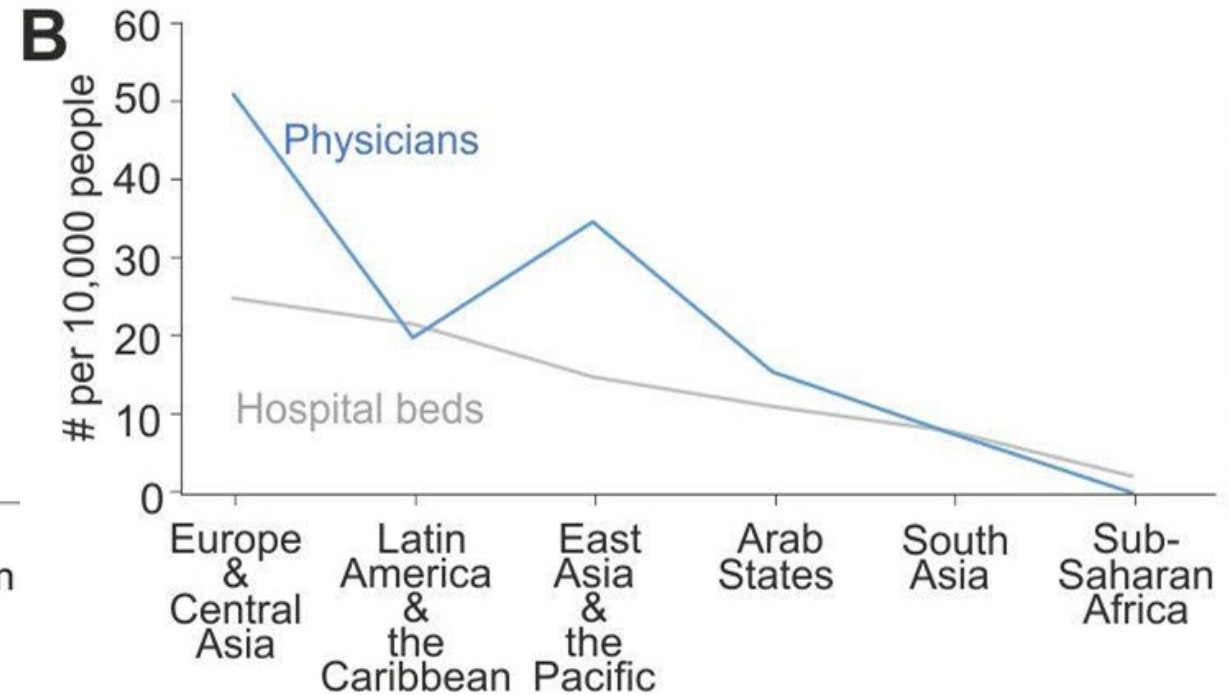
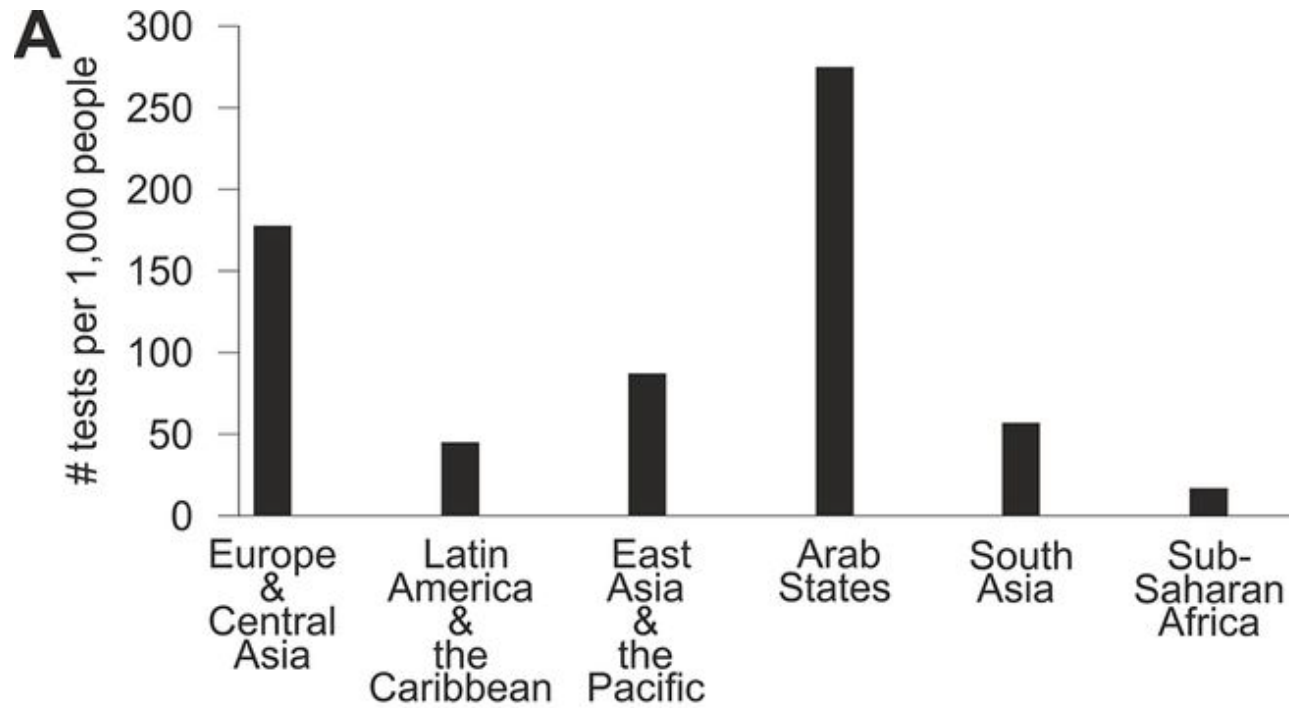


EQAs for enhanced COVID-19 laboratory surveillance in Africa and Europe

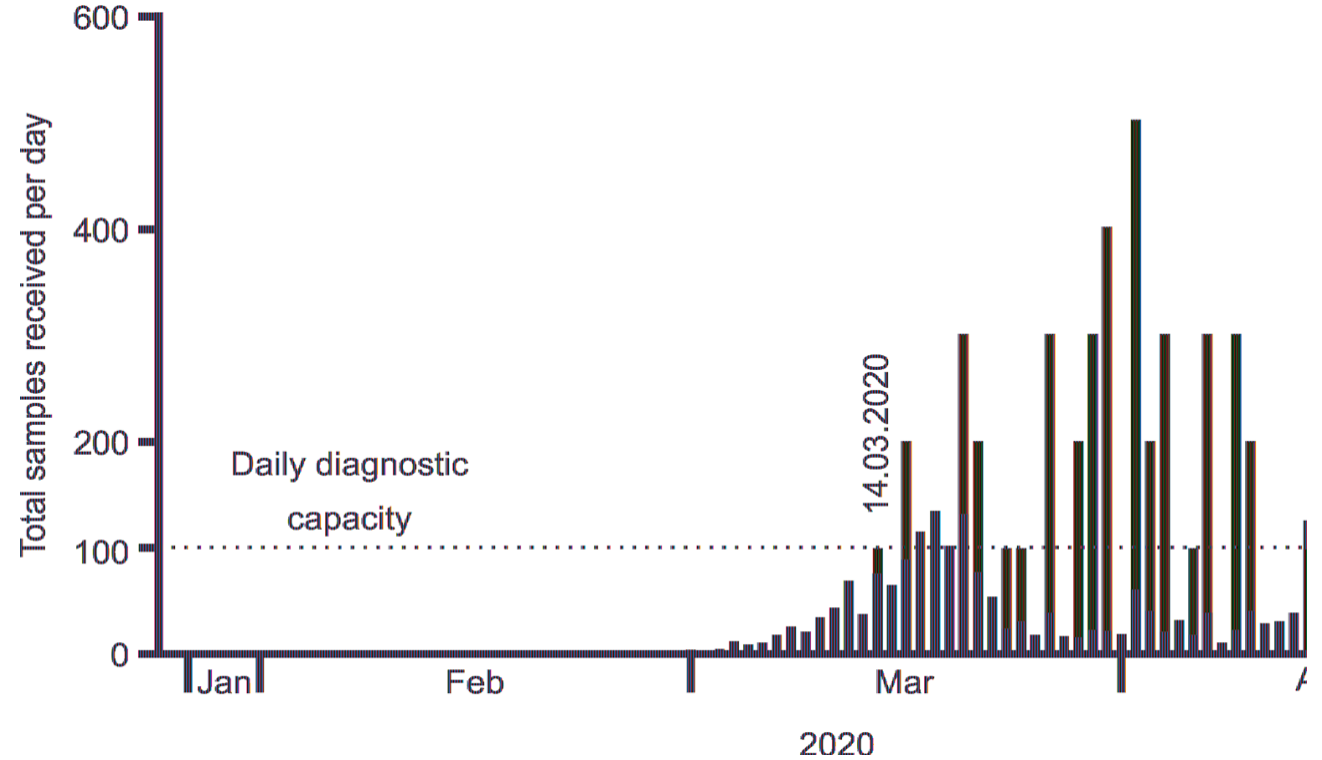
Jan Felix Drexler

**Charité - Universitätsmedizin Berlin
German Centre for Infection Research**

COVID-19: Limited infrastructure in Sub-Saharan Africa

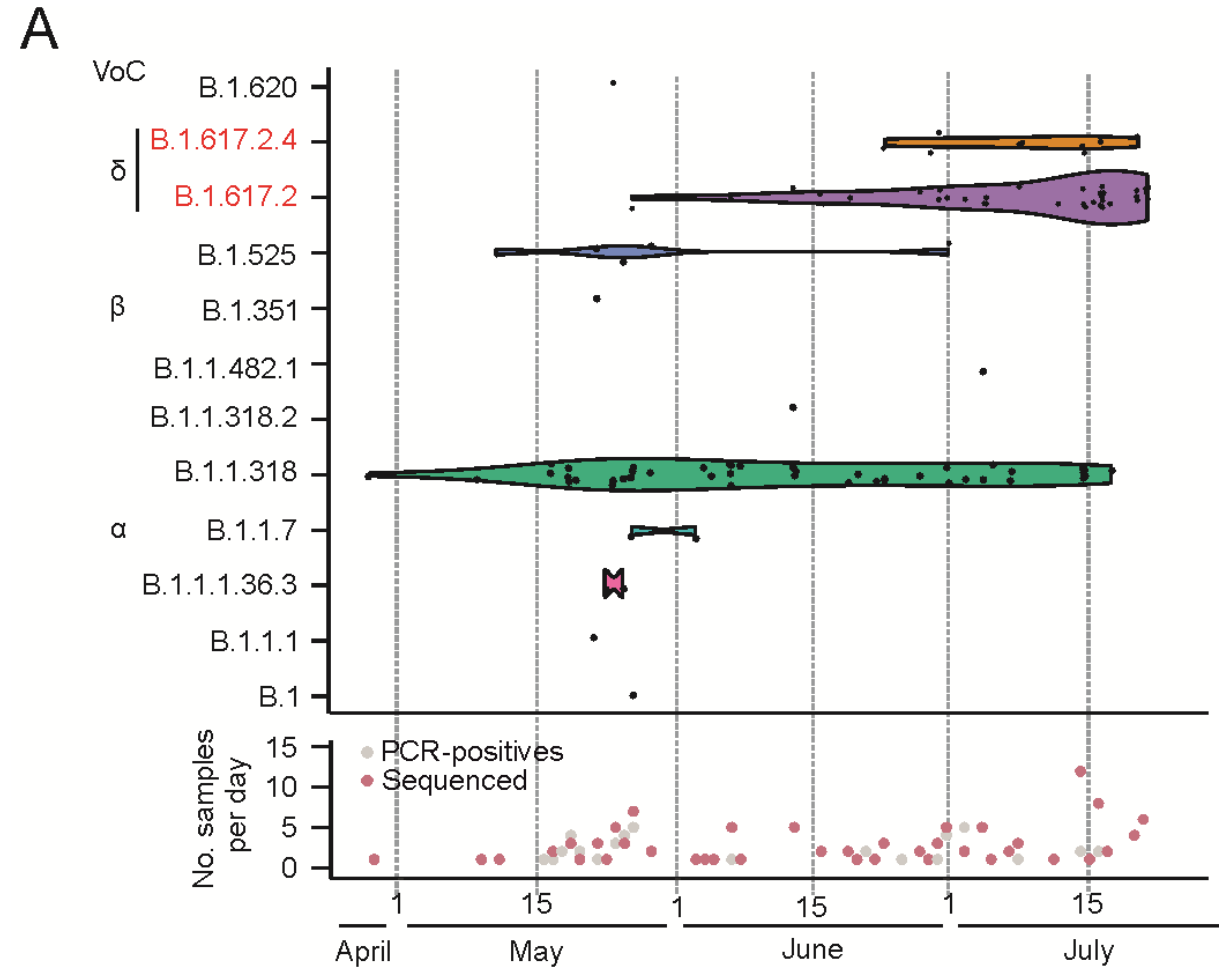
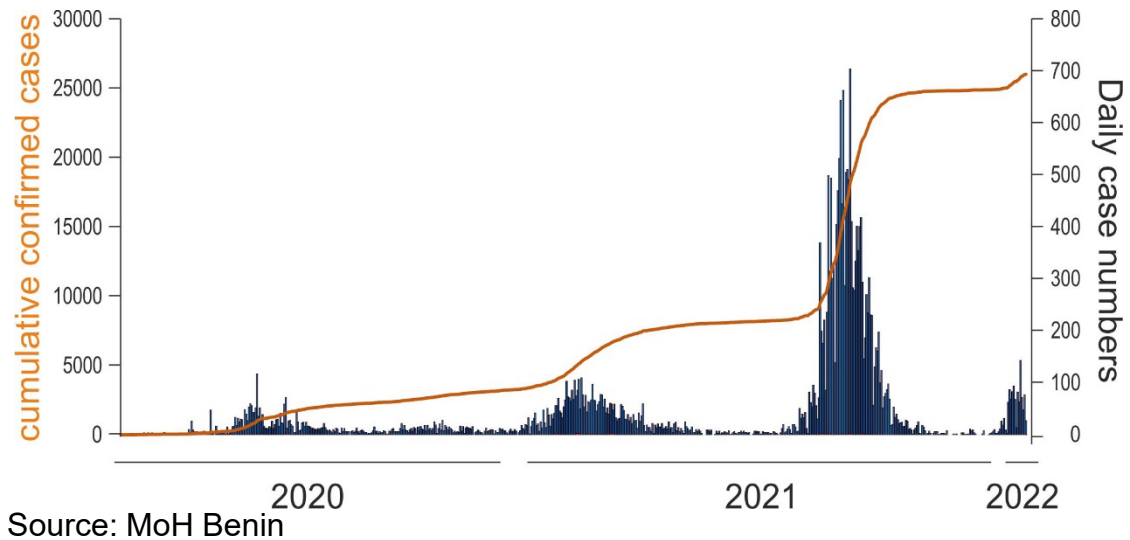


Overload of laboratories at cost of routine work



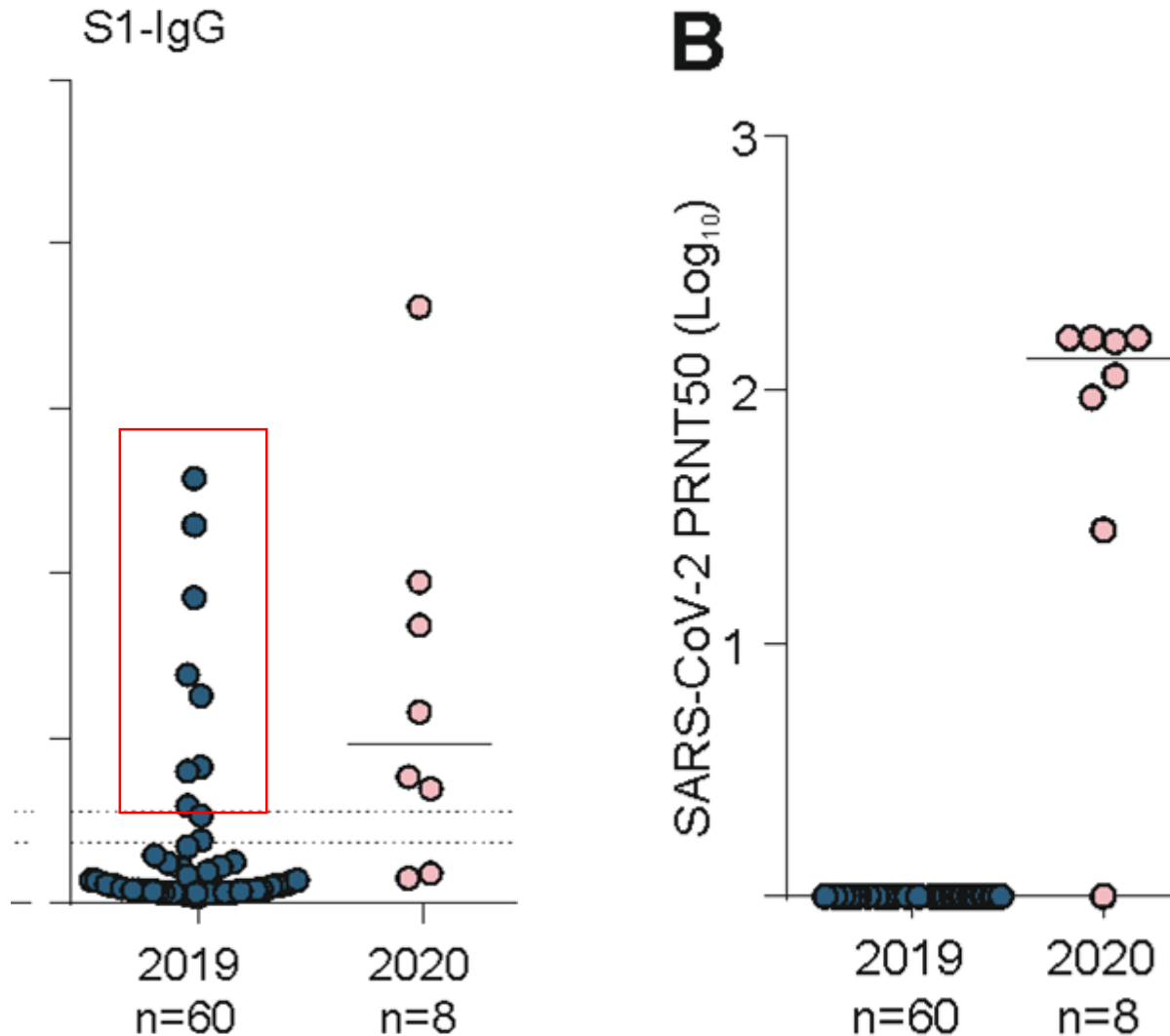
Example Benin

SARS-CoV-2 in Africa: High genetic diversity!

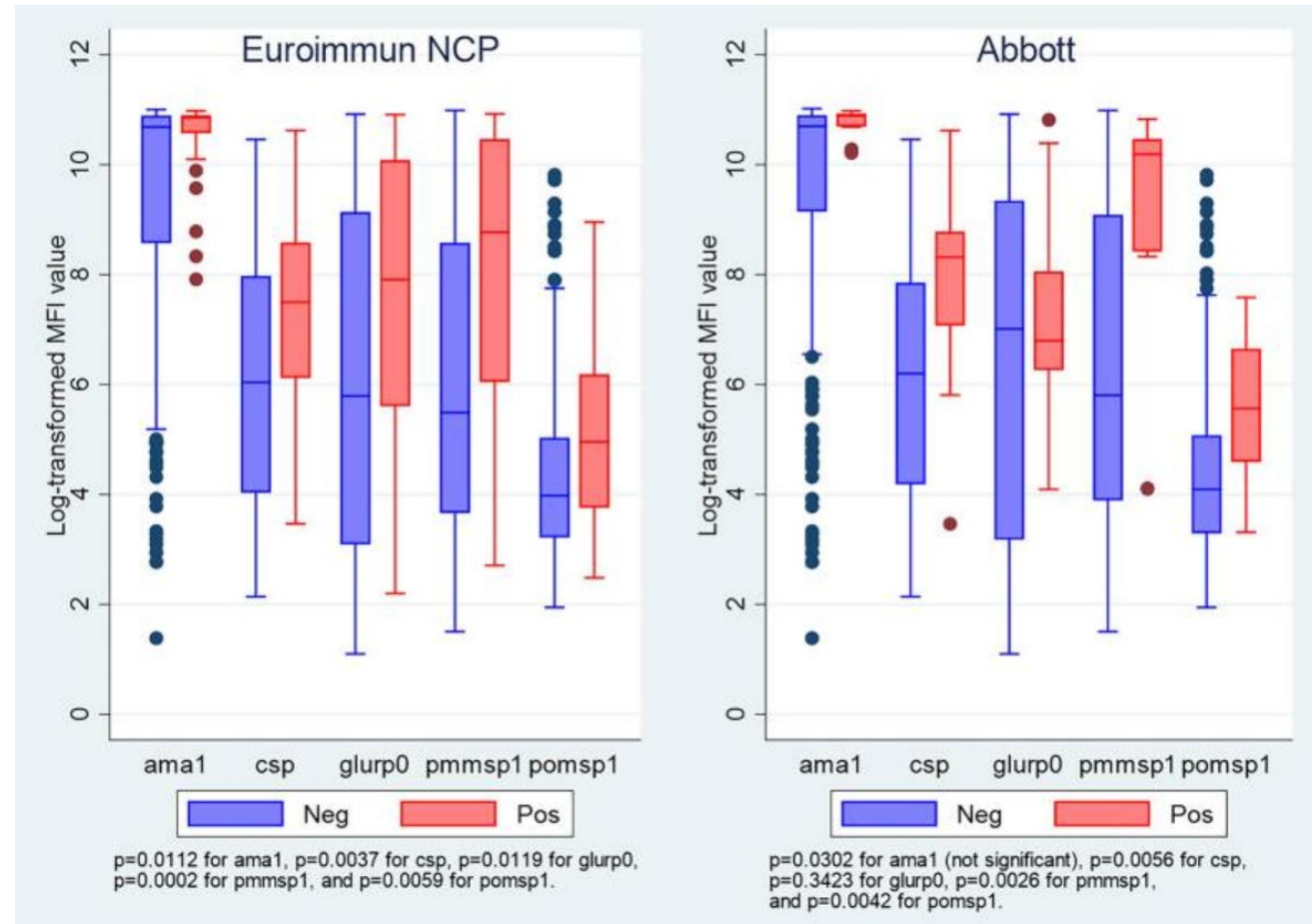
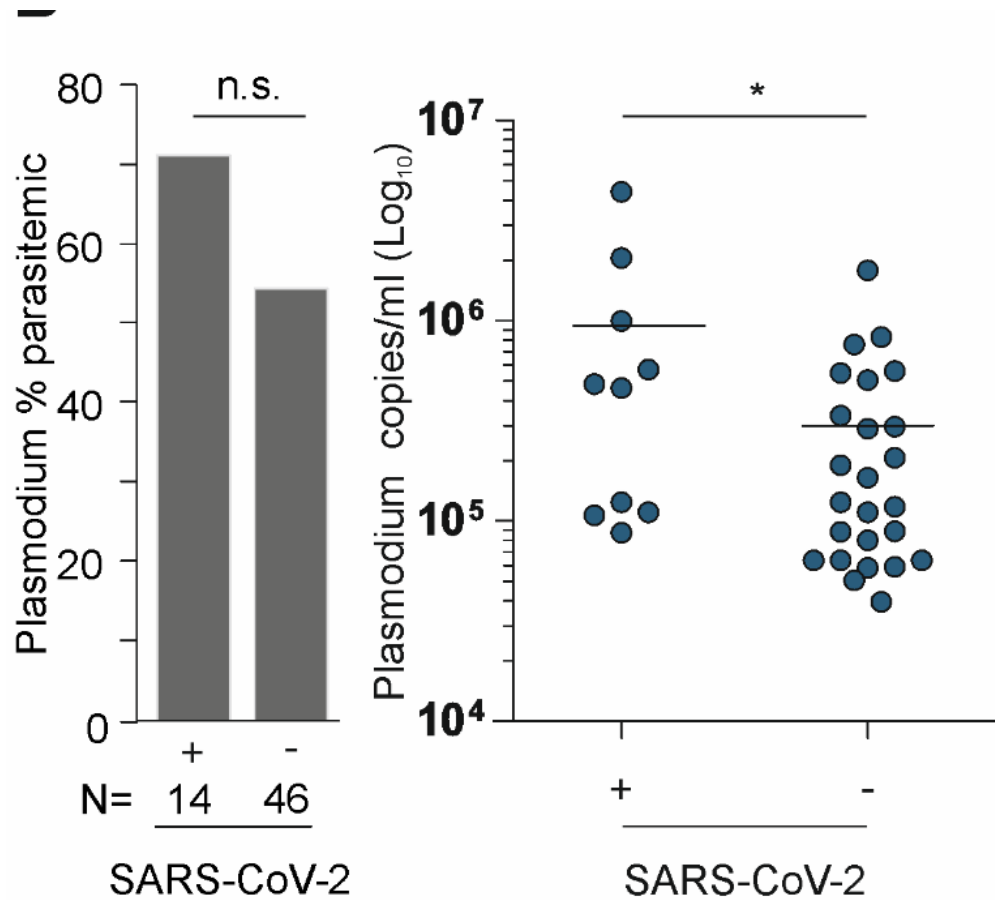


Delta in Benin: 3% May - 60% July!

Commercial tests not validated for use in African settings!

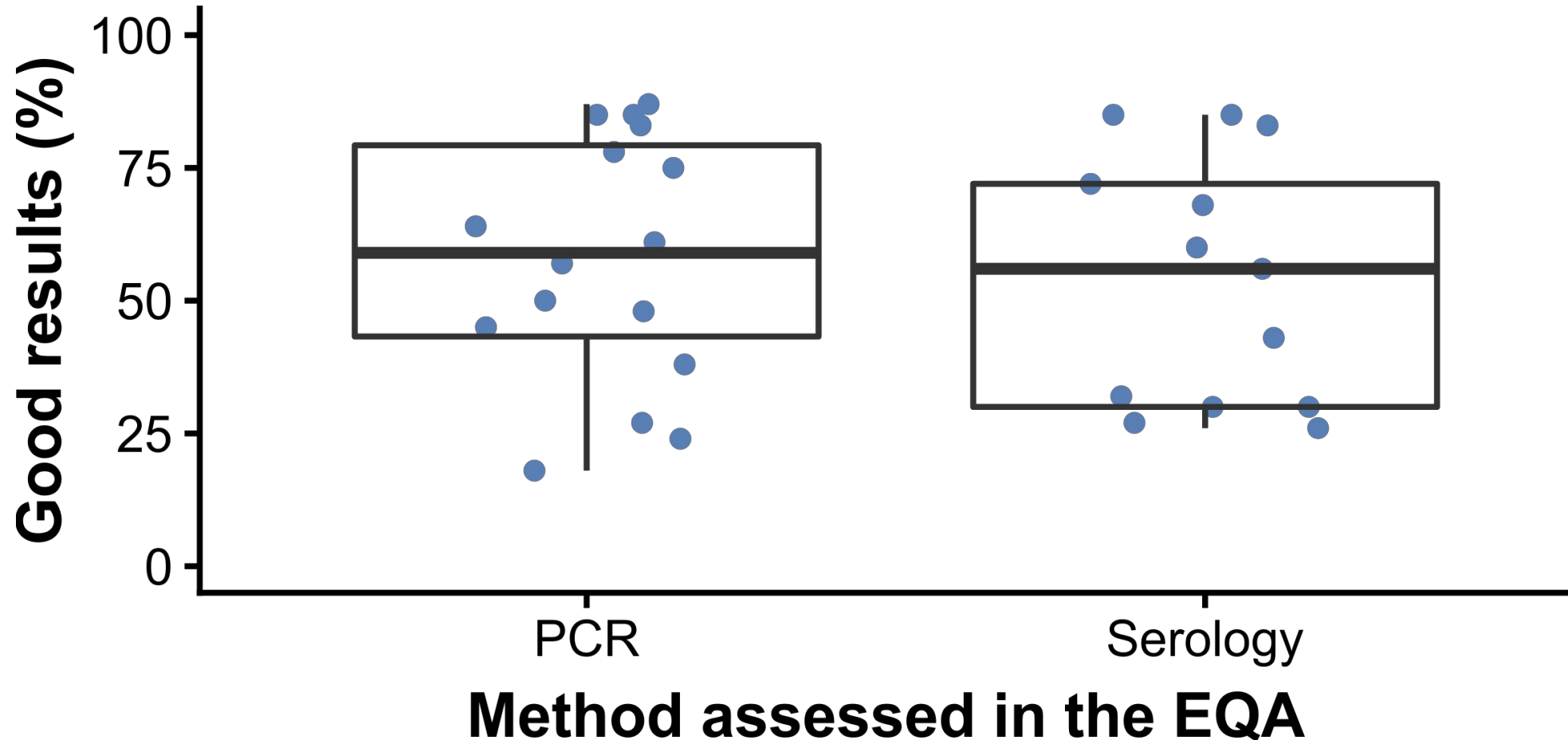


→ Up to 25%
unspecific
ELISA Results in
pre-pandemic
sera from
Benin...



...potentially due to Malaria!

European reference laboratories: Variable EQA performance



Own EQA background

Zika virus EQA, Brazil(qPCR, 2018)

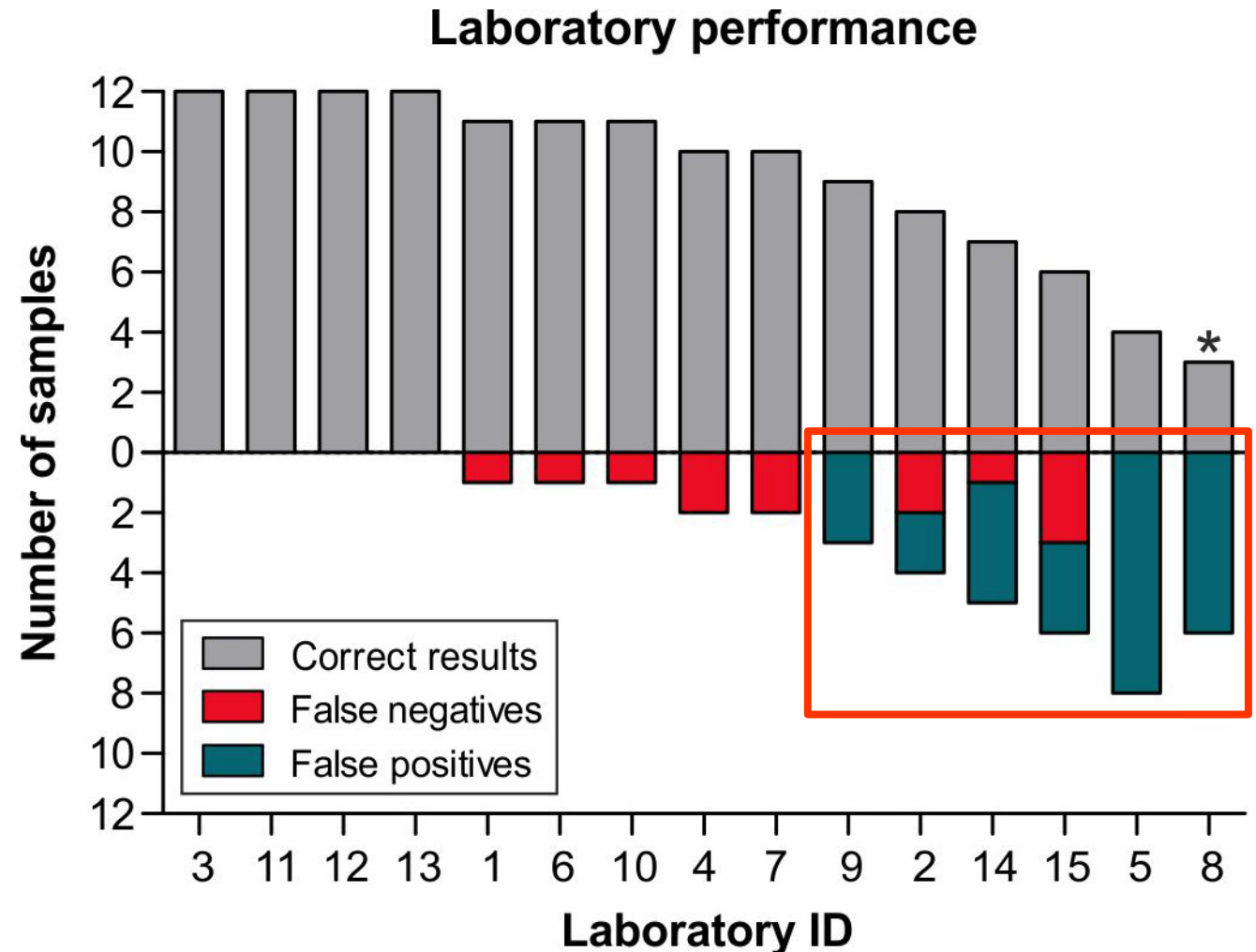
SARS-CoV-2 EQA, ECDC (qPCR, 2020)

SARS-CoV-2 EQA, ECDC (qPCR+Typing, 2021)

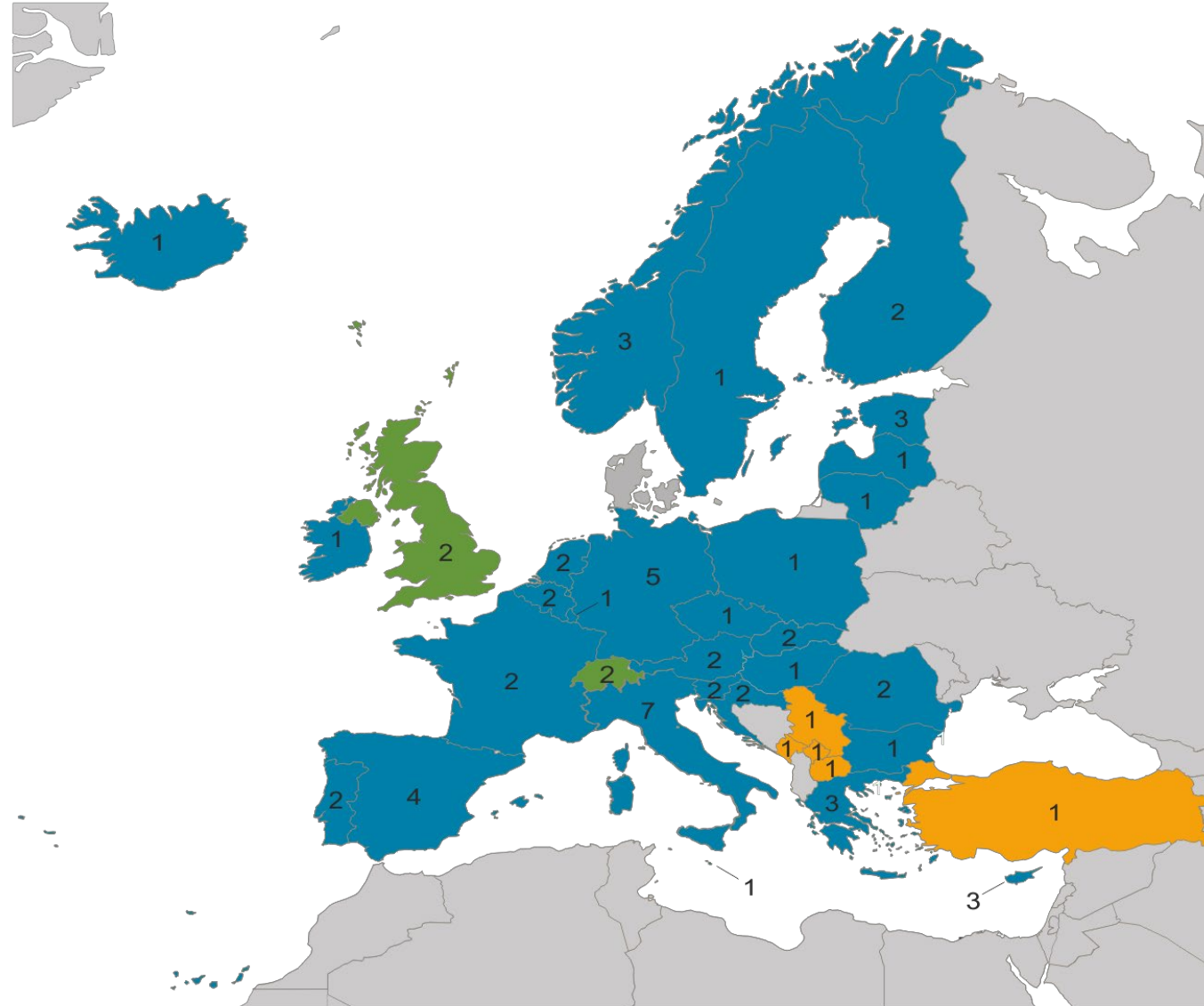
Zika virus PCR EQA 2018 in Brazil

→ Potential implications on abortion requests

→ >100% increase, illegal in most countries



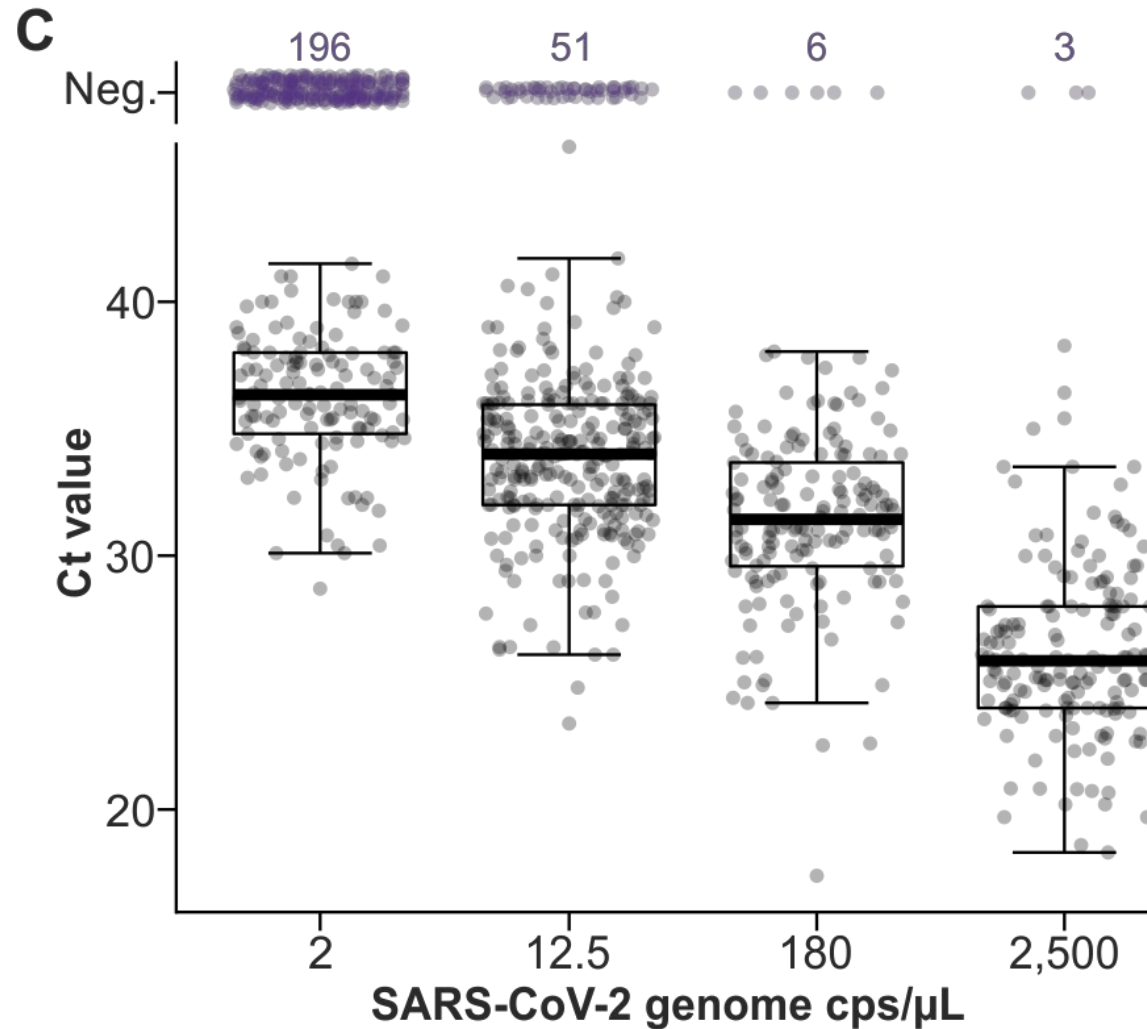
SARS-CoV-2 PCR EQA 2020



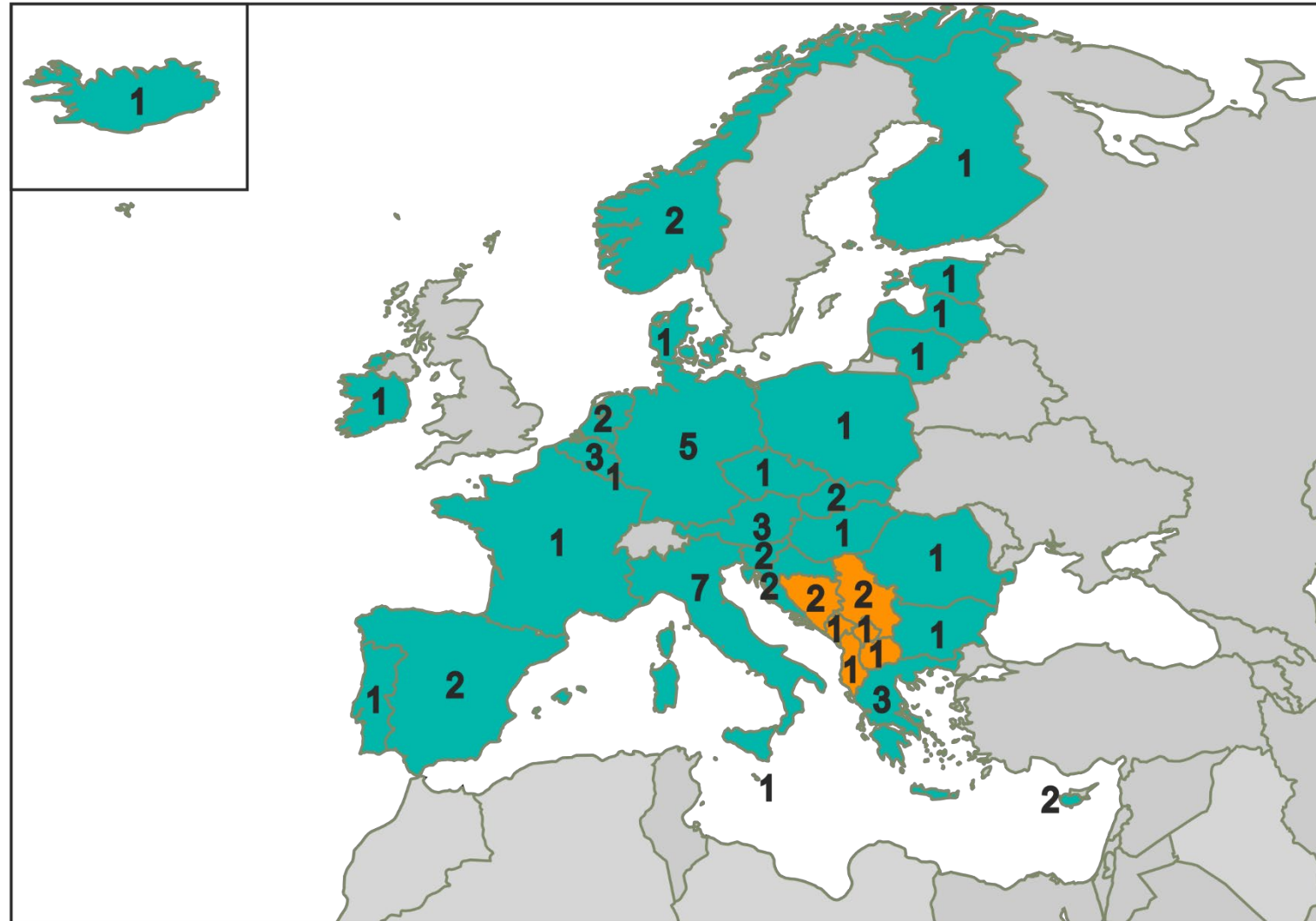
Variable performance among laboratories



SARS-CoV-2 detection depends on RNA concentration



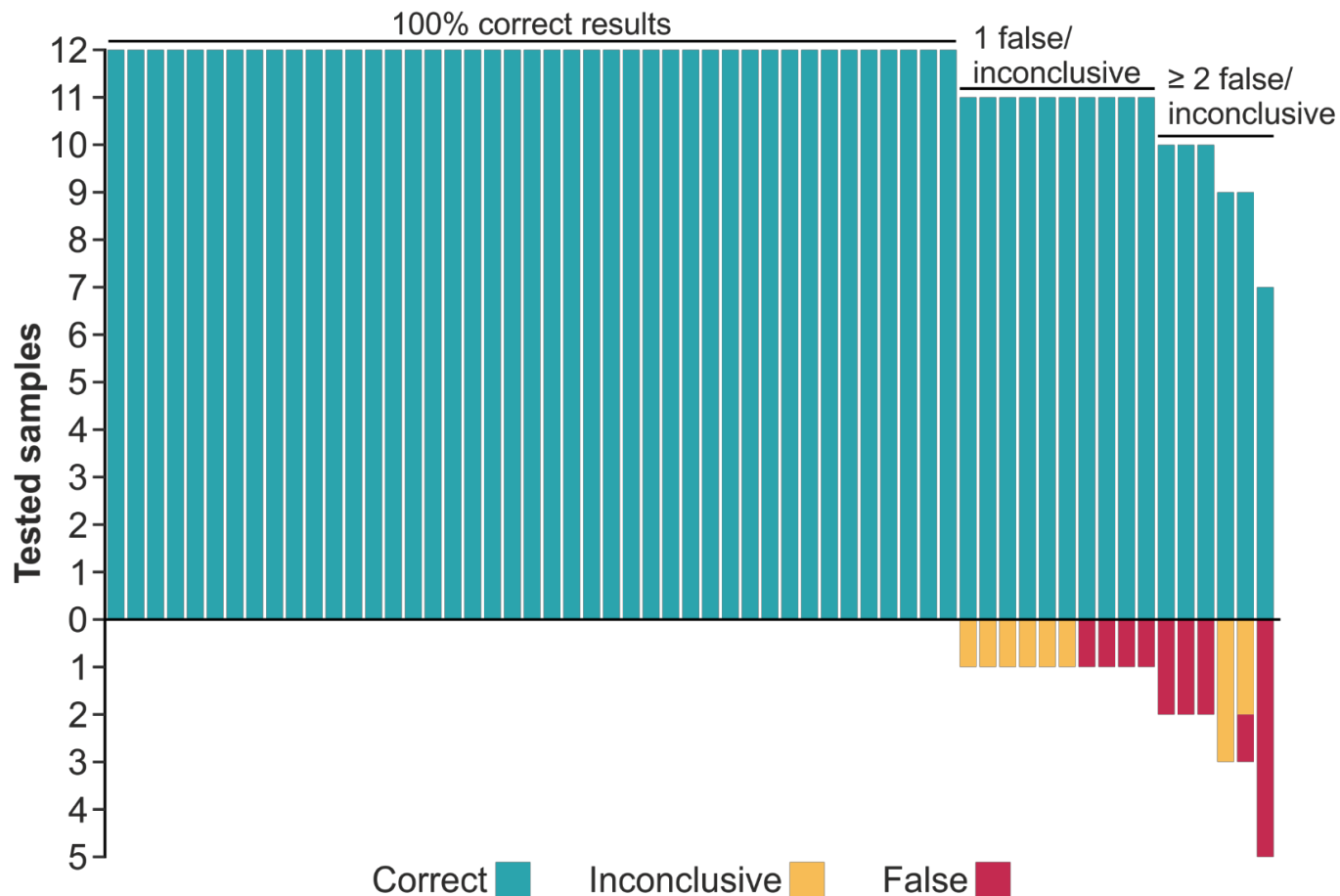
SARS-CoV-2 EQA 2021



Improved performance in second SARS-CoV-2 EQA

B

PCR testing performance of participants



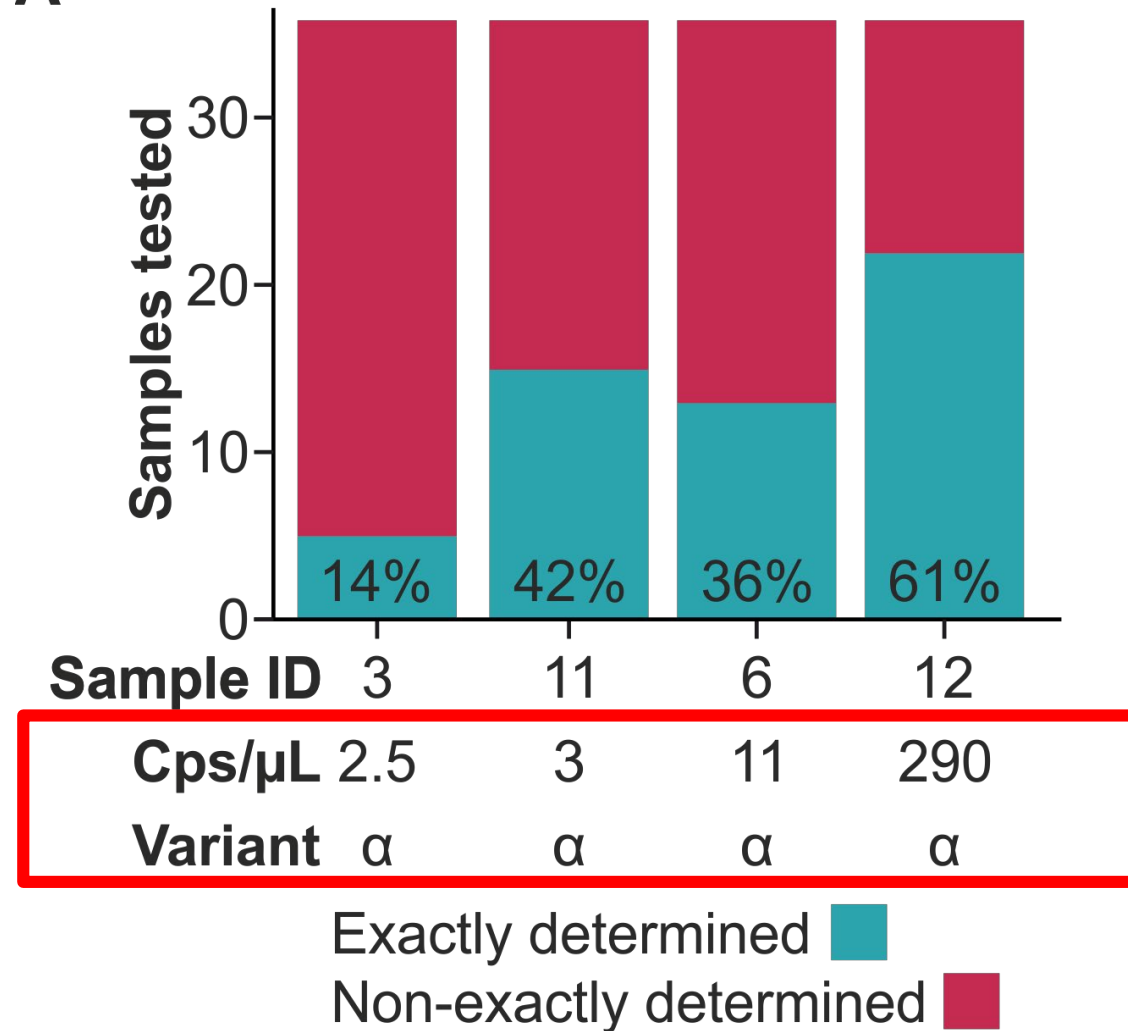
Correct samples

2020: 90.3%

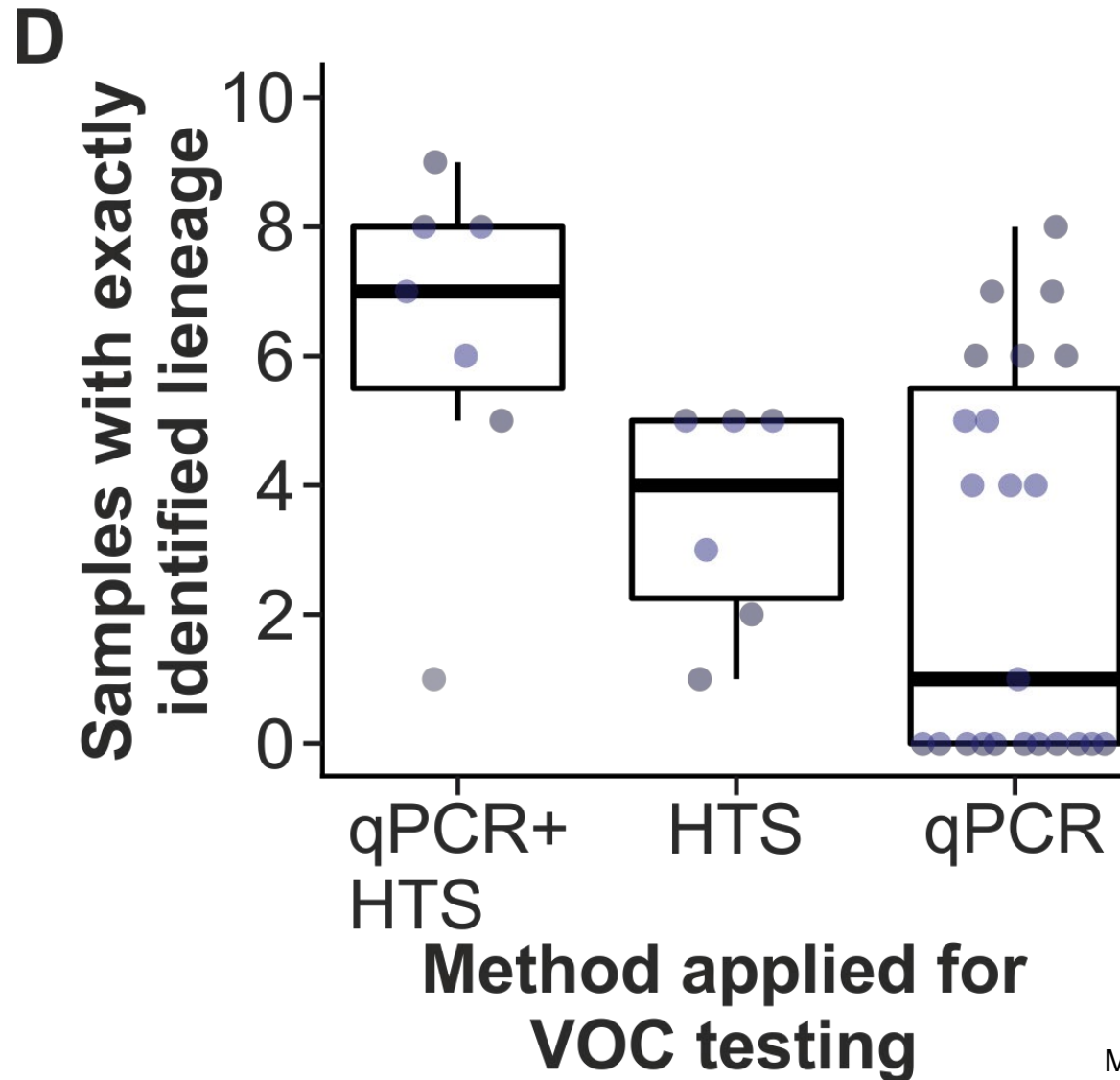
2021: 96.1%

Typing success depends on RNA concentrations

A



HTS is laborious but more precise than typing qPCRs



“...90% of laboratories had adequate technical skills to function as neglected tropical diseases reference laboratory, almost all lacked systems for external verification...” Dean et al., F1000R, 2018

→ Challenges in EQA preparation

Virus growth and inactivation requires BSL3 conditions



Selection of tubes



Shipment

Country-specific requirements:

Donation declarations

Customs invoices

Importation restrictions

→ Lengthy delays during shipment and at customs can occur

Need for lyophilization

**Not technically
trivial: Blow out**



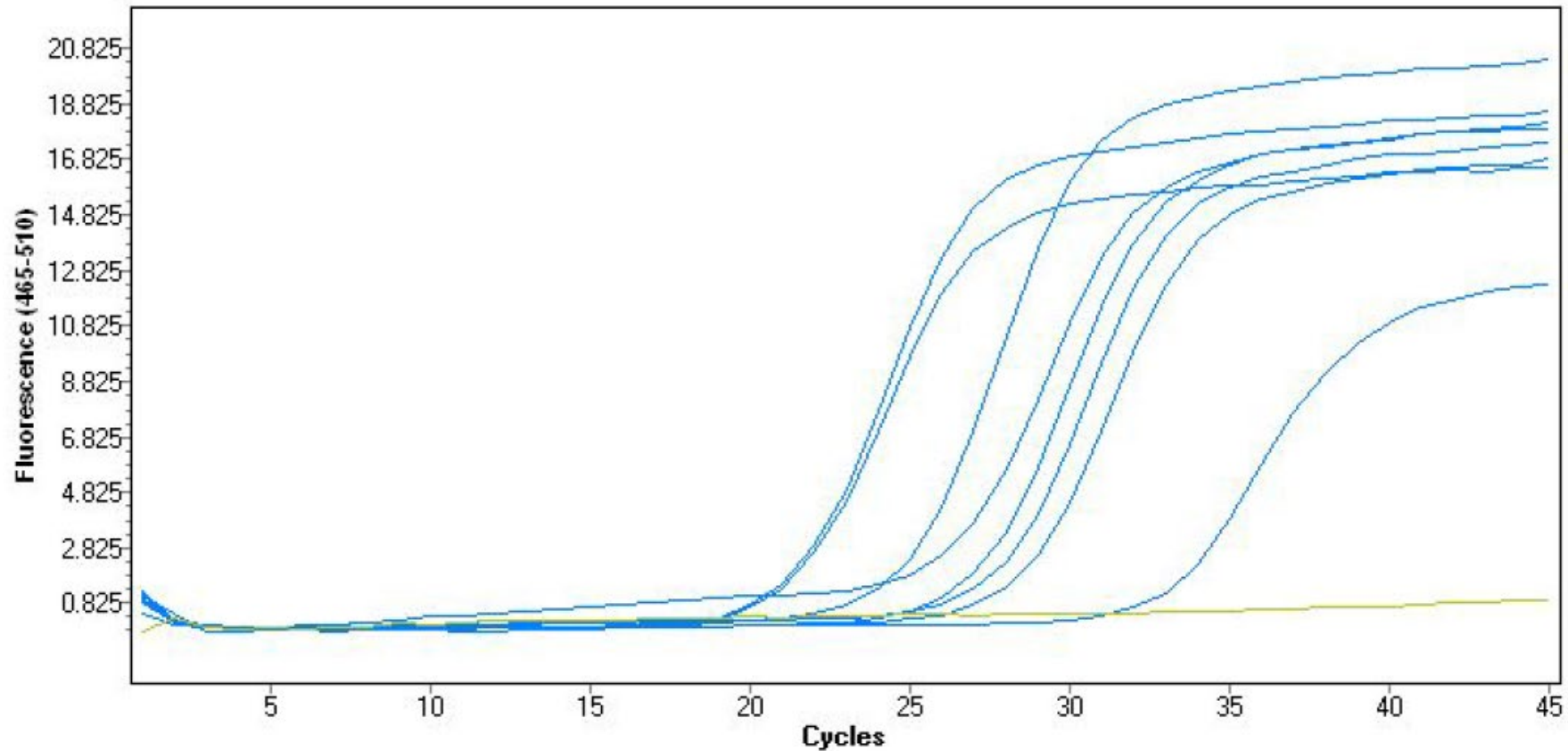
Sample matrix



**Affects
lyophilization speed
and RNA stability**

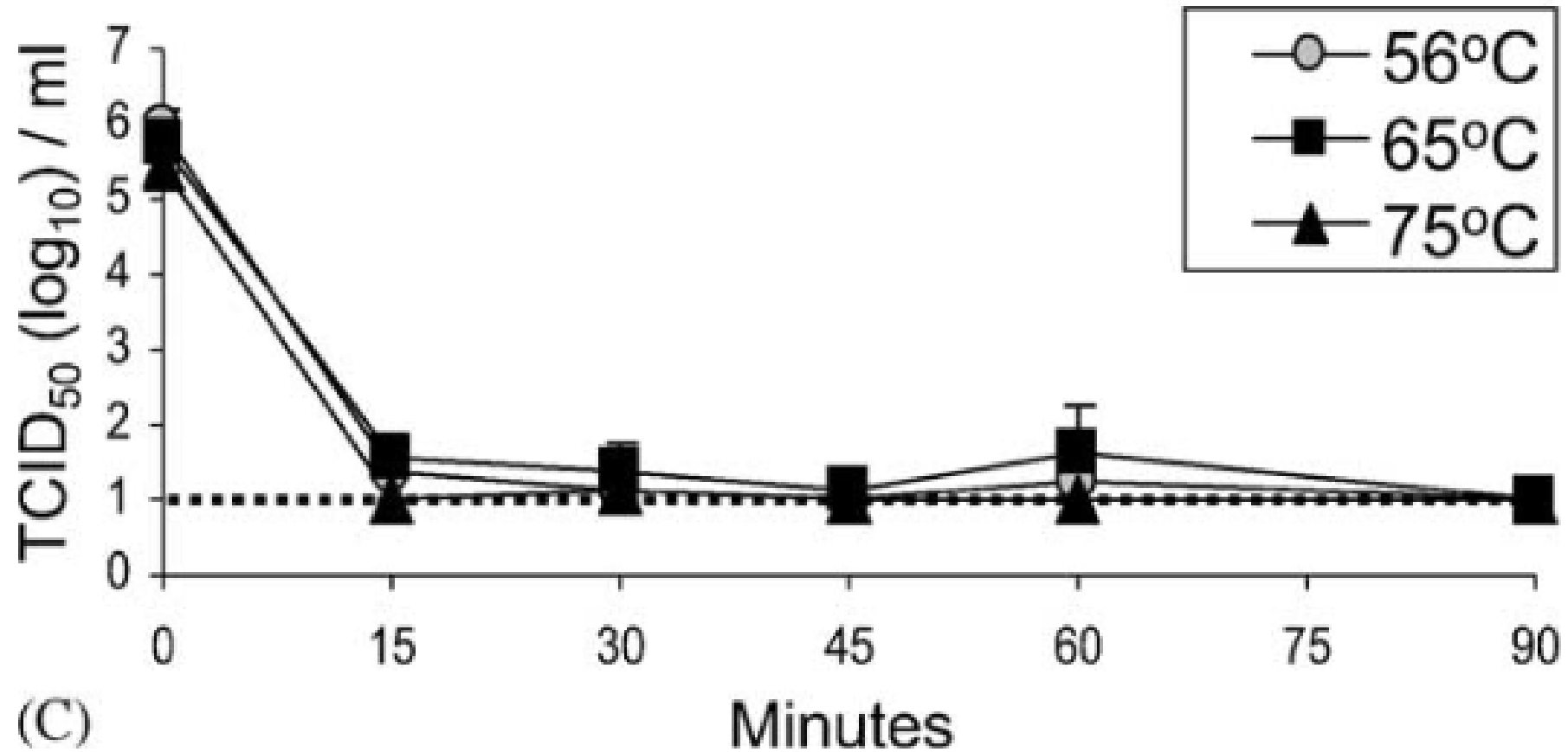
E.g., DMEM or PBS – or biological sample

Lyophilization: RNA loss in general...



1-15 fold variable concentration change

...and according to sample inactivation



Need to expand transnational EQA programmes

→ **Comparability**

→ **Cost-efficiency**

Need to expand transnational training programmes

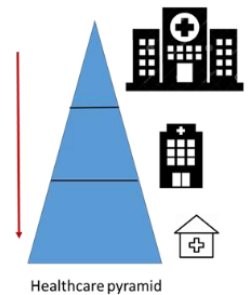


WHO EQAP
178 labs in 45 countries



ASLM
355 labs in 23 countries

National scale up



Dr Marguerite Massinga Loembé
Senior Laboratory Advisor
African Society for Laboratory Medicine

- In synergy with WHO:
 - WHO EQAP: reference level laboratories
 - ASLM EQAP: extension (lower lab tiers, private sector etc..)



HORIZON 2020
The EU Framework Programme for Research and Innovation



BILL & MELINDA
GATES foundation



Drexler Lab – Virus epidemiology

Ulm

Marco Tschapka

Stellenbosch

Wolfgang Preiser
Sonja Mathee

EMC, Rotterdam

Thijs Kuiken
Debby van Riel

Virology, Giessen

Dieter Glebe

Virology, Heidelberg,

Ralf Bartenschlager

Benin

Anges Yadouleton

RIVM, Netherlands

Chantal Reusken



Gustavo Luiz Bentim Góes

Sebastian Brünink

Victor Carvalho Urbieto

Angelica de Almeida Campos

Jan Felix Drexler

Edmilson Ferreira de Oliveira

Carlo Fischer

Anna Frühauf

Wendy Karen Jó Lei

Antje Kamprad

Michele Kolasa

Arne Kühne

Suvi Kuivanen

Andres Enrique Moreira Soto

Anna-Lena Sander

Ximena Tabares

Ben Wulf

Virology, Berlin

Christian Drosten

Victor Max Corman

Tobias Bleicker

Marcel Müller

FLI, Riems

Rainer Ulrich

Martin Beer

AMU, Marseille

Bruno Coutard

X. De Lamballerie

KCCR, Kumasi

Augustina Annan

Mexico

Álvaro Aguilar Setién

Salvador

Roberto Franke

Eduardo Netto

Moscow

Alexander Lukashev

CIRMF, Franceville

Eric Leroy